UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): August 9, 2006

Liberty Global, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

000-51360 (Commission File Number)

20-2197030 (IRS Employer Identification #)

12300 Liberty Boulevard, Englewood, Colorado 80112

(Address of Principal Executive Office)

(303) 220-6600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

ITEM 2.02. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION / ITEM 7.01. REGULATION FD DISCLOSURE

On August 9, 2006, Liberty Global, Inc. (LGI) issued a press release (attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1) announcing its operating and financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2006. The press release contains certain statements regarding guidance for 2006. Also on August 9, 2006, LGI issued a press release (attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2) announcing that, through one of its affiliates, it has entered into an arrangement to purchase Karneval s.r.o. and Forecable s.r.o. ("Karneval"), the second largest cable operator in the Czech Republic for a total purchase price of EUR 322.5 million), subject to regulatory approval.

Except as otherwise provided in this Current Report on Form 8-K, the attached documents are furnished to the SEC under both Item 2.02 "Results of Operations and Financial Condition" and Item 7.01 "Regulation FD Disclosure". The information furnished pursuant to this Form 8-K (including the exhibits hereto) shall not be considered "filed" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor shall it be incorporated by reference into any of LGI's filings under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, unless LGI expressly states in such filing that such information is to be considered "filed" or incorporated by reference therein.

Item 8.01. OTHER EVENTS

On August 9, 2006, LGI announced that its Board of Directors has authorized self-tender offers to purchase for cash up to approximately \$500 million of each of its Series A common stock and Series C common stock at ranges of \$22.00 to \$25.00 for Series A shares and \$21.43 to \$24.35 for Series C shares. These prices represent a 1.9% discount to an 11.5% premium to the closing share prices for the Series A shares and Series C shares on Wednesday August, 9, 2006. The tender offers are expected to commence on or shortly after August 11, 2006.

The press release attached as Exhibit 99.1 hereto includes information relating to the tender offers, and only the information contained in paragraph 7 of the press release and under the heading "Specifics on Tender Offers" in the press release is incorporated herein by reference.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

LIBERTY GLOBAL, INC.

By: /s/ LEONARD P. STEGMAN
Leonard P. Stegman
Vice President

Date: August 10, 2006

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number		Description	
99.1	Press Release		
99.2	Press Release		



LIBERTY GLOBAL REPORTS SECOND QUARTER 2006 RESULTS

Organic RGU Additions of 363,000

Operating Cash Flow Growth to \$568 million

\$1 billion Self Tender Offers Announced

Denver, Colorado — August 9, 2006: Liberty Global, Inc. ("Liberty Global") (NASDAQ: LBTYA, LBTYB and LBTYK), today announces financial and operating results for the second quarter ended June 30, 2006. Highlights for the period, compared to last year's second quarter results, include1:

- Organic² net additions of 363,000 RGUs, a 58% increase from our subscriber growth in Q2'05
- Revenue growth of 46% to \$1.59 billion
- Operating cash flow (OCF) growth of 54% to \$568 million³
- Loss from continuing operations of \$184 million compared to a loss of \$109 million

Discussing the results, Liberty Global's President and CEO Mike Fries stated, "Consistent with our cable peers, we continue to demonstrate strong fundamental trends in our core cable business, as evidenced by our solid second quarter results. Our success in driving bundled products, largely due to recent VoIP launches and strong broadband Internet sales, drove net organic RGU additions of 363,000 in the quarter, and we are carrying excellent operating momentum into the second half of the year."

"Our second quarter financial results were also strong. We generated revenue and OCF of \$1.59 billion and \$568 million, respectively, which represent growth rates of 46% and 54% over the comparable period last year. More importantly, these figures represent approximately 11% revenue growth and 17% OCF growth, rebased for acquisitions and foreign currency effects. We believe our performance provides us with the momentum to achieve or exceed our full year guidance targets. If we exclude the results from our Netherlands operation, where we have an aggressive digital migration program underway, we would have delivered rebased OCF growth of 23% in the quarter. Regionally, both Cablecom (Switzerland) and our Central and Eastern European operation had outstanding quarters with rebased OCF growth rates in excess of 30% and 20%, respectively. In addition, our consolidated OCF margin in the quarter was approximately 35.8%, an improvement of 170 basis points over last year and indicative of our ability to drive scale economies throughout our business."

¹ Results from UPC Norway, UPC Sweden, UPC France and Priority Telecom Norway (PT Norway) are treated as discontinued operations in the historical financial figures. As a result, their revenue and operating cash flow for all historical periods are retroactively removed from such figures. Additionally, we are reporting subscriber metrics excluding the impact of our discontinued operations.

Organic figures exclude RGUs at the date of acquisition but include the impact of changes in RGUs from the date of acquisition.

Please see page 16 for an explanation of operating cash flow and the required reconciliation.

For purposes of calculating rebased growth rates on a comparable basis for all businesses that we owned during the respective periods in 2006, we have adjusted our historical 2005 revenue and OCF to (i) include the pre-acquisition revenue and OCF of certain entities acquired during 2005 and 2006 in the respective 2005 rebased amounts to the same extent that the revenue and OCF of such entities are included in the respective 2006 results and (ii) reflect the translation of our 2005 rebased amounts at the applicable average exchange rates that were used to translate our 2006 results. Please see page 20 for supplemental information.



"Our digital roll out (D4A)5 in the Netherlands continues largely on track, and we continue to be encouraged by the consumer acceptance of our video product. At June 30, 2006, we had 345,500 digital RGUs which represents a digital penetration rate of 16% as compared to digital penetration of only 4% at year end 2005. In addition, approximately 50% of our digital customers are taking an extra channel package and/or another pay TV product from us. As we look to the second half of 2006, we are excited about the upcoming new product introductions in the Netherlands of high definition (HD) programming, digital video recorders (DVRs) and video-on-demand (VOD) services, all of which we expect to launch soon and which should positively impact consumer acceptance."

"We had a strong second quarter with 363,000 RGU additions during the period, which is traditionally a seasonally soft period for us in Europe. We continue to aggressively market bundled products, as we added over 130,000 triple-play customers during the quarter, and now have over 25% of our customer base taking multi-product bundles. Strategically, we are striving to drive our RGU per customer relationship ratio, which currently is approaching 1.4x, meaningfully higher. In particular, our European business represents an excellent growth opportunity, as we drive UPC Broadband toward the bundling ratios that we have achieved in our Japanese and Chilean markets of 1.75x and 1.70x, respectively."

"On the M&A front, we have made substantial progress, recently closing on the sales of UPC Sweden and UPC France for total gross proceeds of approximately \$2.0 billion. Additionally, we completed infill acquisitions in Japan and just recently, we entered into an arrangement to purchase Karneval s.r.o. and Forecable s.r.o. (Karneval), the second largest cable provider in the Czech Republic for an estimated purchase price of €322.5 million, subject to regulatory approval. This business is highly complementary with our existing Czech business and highlights our commitment to the region."

"We continue to believe that we are significantly undervalued, particularly in relation to the prices and recent transactions in the European cable sector. As a result, we will continue to shrink our equity base, in conjunction with continued opportunistic acquisitions and divestitures. During the quarter, we repurchased approximately \$630 million of our stock through a combination of open market purchases and, in aggregate, \$500 million in tender offers, and we still have approximately \$120 million remaining under our previously authorized program. More importantly, today we are announcing an aggregate \$1 billion in modified dutch auction tender offers for our own stock, which we expect to launch on or shortly after August 11, 2006. Following completion of the tender offers and adjusting for both the sale of UPC France and the purchase of Karneval, we will still have significant liquidity with over \$1.4 billion of consolidated cash and cash equivalents."

Specifics on Tender Offers

We intend to purchase up to approximately \$500 million each of our Series A (LBTYA) and Series C (LBTYK) common stock at ranges of \$22.00 to \$25.00 for Series A and \$21.43 to \$24.35 for Series C. This represents a 1.9% discount to a 11.5% premium to our closing share prices on Wednesday, August 9, 2006.

Second Quarter 2006 Results

At June 30, 2006, Liberty Global operated in 17 countries (excluding France) principally located in Europe, Japan, Chile and Australia. Our consolidated operations in Europe include the UPC Broadband Division, with cable operations in 11 countries (excluding France), and chellomedia — our media and programming division. In the Asia/Pacific region, our consolidated operations include J:COM, the largest broadband cable operator in Japan, and Austar, a direct-to-home satellite provider in Australia. In the Americas, our primary consolidated operation is VTR, the largest broadband cable operator in Chile. Please refer to the appropriate sections herein for additional segment financial information. It is also important to note that for all periods discussed in this release, UPC

In our D4A project, we provide a digital interactive television box and digital service at the analog rate for six months to analog subscribers who accept the box and agree to accept the service. Upon acceptance of the box, the subscriber is counted as a digital cable subscriber rather than an analog cable subscriber. After the six month promotional period, the subscriber will have the option to discontinue the digital service or pay an additional amount, on top of the analog rate, to receive the digital service. An estimated 10% to 15% of the Netherlands digital cable subscribers at June 30, 2006 have accepted but not installed their digital converter boxes.



France, UPC Norway, UPC Sweden and PT Norway have been sold and accounted for as discontinued operations and, as such, their respective results are excluded from our reported results herein.

Operating Statistics

Our continuing operations had over 17.8 million total RGUs at June 30, 2006, after taking into account our organic increase of 363,000 RGU additions during the quarter. These organic RGU additions represent a 58% improvement from last year's second quarter additions driven by continued strength across all three of our core products. Together with approximately 28,000 RGUs from acquisitions, we added over 390,000 RGUs in the period from continuing operations. It should be noted that the second and third quarters are typically our slowest seasonally in terms of net additions, due to the summer vacation period in Europe.

In terms of RGU additions by product, during the second quarter of 2006 we added 174,000 high-speed Internet subscribers, 156,000 telephony subscribers, and 33,000 net video subscribers. Organic broadband Internet and telephony subscriber growth in the quarter increased 44% and 58%, respectively, from our net additions for these categories in the prior year period. Broadband Internet continued to be our strongest performer in absolute terms, driven by solid performance in Chile, Japan, the Netherlands and Romania. In Europe, our penetration of broadband Internet now exceeds 20% across our operations.

In terms of telephony, our low-cost, high-quality VoIP products continued to be the driving force behind our voice additions, as we added 156,000 organic telephony subscribers in the quarter. As of the end of the second quarter, we offered VoIP in ten markets, with plans to launch in the Slovak Republic and Ireland during the second half of the year. We currently have a total VoIP customer base exceeding 750,000 RGUs and our total VoIP-ready homes serviceable now exceeds 10 million worldwide, a sequential increase of over 1.3 million homes from the first quarter of 2006.

In terms of video, our subscriber base increased organically by approximately 33,000 video subscribers, primarily as a result of 314,000 digital cable (including conversions from analog) and 15,000 DTH additions in the second quarter. Our digital additions for the quarter increased 163% over the same period last year. In particular, we continue to experience strong acceptance of our digital product in Japan and Chile, and we accelerated our D4A initiative in the Netherlands during the second quarter. In the Netherlands, we added 136,600 digital subscribers in Q2'06, an increase of 11% from our digital additions of 123,600 in Q1. In Japan, J:COM added over 78,000 organic digital subscribers during the quarter and improved its digital penetration to 44%, up from 40% in Q1'06 and 26% in Q2'05. The recent increase was driven in part by strong demand for its new HD digital video recorder product.

Revenue

Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2006 increased 46% to \$1.59 billion as compared to the same period last year. Excluding the effects of foreign currency movements (FX), revenue increased 48% for the three months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to the same period last year. Our revenue increase was principally due to the impact of acquisitions, including Cablecom and Austar, as well as to volume effects (subscriber growth) across our core operations. Our rebased revenue growth for the second quarter was approximately 11% compared to the same period last year. This growth was driven primarily by higher average RGUs during the period including solid growth at Cablecom, as well as a strong performance at our Central and Eastern European and Chilean operations, which achieved rebased growth rates of 16% and 17%, respectively.

In terms of average monthly revenue (ARPU)⁶ per customer relationship, UPC Broadband, J:COM and VTR experienced growth on a historical basis over the comparable prior year period. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, ARPU per customer relationship for UPC Broadband was €22.35, reflecting an increase of 13.5% over

Average monthly revenue (ARPU) is calculated as follows: average total monthly revenue from all sources (including non-subscription revenue such as installation fees or advertising revenue) for the period as indicated, divided by the average of the opening and closing customer relationships, as applicable, for the period. Customer relationships of entities acquired during the period are normalized.



2005's second quarter. The increase was driven by continued improvement in bundling, as well as the inclusion of Cablecom in the 2006 period. Additionally, J:COM generated ARPU per customer relationship of \(\frac{\text{\t

Operating Cash Flow

Operating cash flow for the three months ended June 30, 2006 increased 54% to \$568 million as compared to the same period last year. Excluding FX movements, OCF increased 56% for the three months ended June 30, 2006. This increase was principally due to acquisitions, as noted above, internal growth and margin improvements, which were derived in part through scale and operating leverage. For the three months ended June 30, 2006, our rebased OCF growth was particularly strong at 17% as compared to Q2'05. Excluding results from the Netherlands, where we have our D4A initiative underway, our rebased OCF growth rate for the quarter would have improved to 23%. As expected, the Netherlands' OCF results reflect higher operating, marketing and customer care costs of our D4A initiative as we invest in the roll-out of digital boxes to drive future growth in that market.

Our reported OCF margin for the three months ended June 30, 2006 was 35.8%, which represents a 170 basis point increase as compared to our OCF margin in the same period last year. Margin improvement was primarily driven by UPC Broadband's Central and Eastern European operation, as well as our operations in Japan and Chile. Partially offsetting this improvement, our Western European operation experienced a margin decline, resulting from increased costs related to our D4A project in the Netherlands and the impact of acquisitions.

Loss from Continuing Operations and Net Earnings (Loss)

Our loss from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2006 was \$184 million or \$0.40 per basic share as compared to our loss of \$109 million or \$0.30 per basic share for the comparable period in 2005. The increased loss was due to higher interest expense, income tax expense, and realized and unrealized losses on financial derivative instruments, partially offset by higher operating income and foreign exchange gains. Including discontinued operations, we achieved net earnings of \$24 million for the three months ending June 30, 2006, as compared to a net loss of \$114 million for the comparable period in 2005.

Capital Expenditures and Free Cash Flow

Capital expenditures (including capital lease additions) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 were \$437 million and \$751 million, respectively, representing growth rates of approximately 44% and 39% over the comparable periods last year. As a percentage of revenue, capital expenditures were approximately 28% and 24% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, similar to the comparable periods last year. The increase in capital expenditures is related to the impact of acquisitions on our business and higher purchases of customer premise equipment to support our increased unit growth in the current period. For the quarter, we estimate that approximately 80% of our capital expenditures including capital lease additions were revenue generating and 20% pertained to support capital.

In terms of Free Cash Flow (FCF)⁸, we generated negative FCF of \$83 million and positive FCF of \$24 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively. The negative FCF in the quarter was primarily due to higher capital expenditures as compared to the first quarter of 2006 and to changes in working capital.

OCF margin is calculated by dividing OCF for the respective period by total revenue.

Free Cash Flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities including net cash provided by discontinued operations less capital expenditures and capital lease additions. Please see page 17 for more information and the required GAAP reconciliation.



Balance Sheet, Leverage, and Liquidity

At June 30, 2006, total debt⁹ was \$10.8 billion and cash and cash equivalents were \$1.7 billion, resulting in net debt¹⁰ of \$9.1 billion. Adjusting for the sale of UPC France, which we closed on July 19, 2006, and the anticipated application of the proceeds, our net debt at June 30, 2006 would have decreased by approximately \$1.6 billion to \$7.6 billion, including pro forma cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$2.9 billion. For the quarter, our gross and net leverage ratios, defined as total debt and net debt to annualized quarterly operating cash flow, were 4.8x and 4.0x, respectively. Adjusting for the divestiture of UPC France, our gross and net leverage ratios would fall to approximately 4.6x and 3.3x, respectively. As a result, we continue to maintain our total gross leverage within our target range of 4.0 — 5.0x.

Since the first quarter, we have been very active in managing our debt portfolio and believe that we have advantageously taken several steps which have increased our liquidity position, locked in attractive financing rates, reduced near-term amortization payments and/or extended maturities. In May, we refinanced a portion of our existing UPC Broadband Holding bank facility with new borrowings under two term loan tranches due 2013 (Facilities J and K), aggregating €1.8 billion and \$1.775 billion, with each denomination split evenly between the tranches. The borrowings denominated in Euros bear interest at an initial margin of EURIBOR plus 2.25% and borrowings denominated in dollars bear interest at an initial margin of LIBOR plus 2.00%.

In July, we also completed a new €830 million multicurrency repayable and redrawable term loan facility due 2012 (Facility L) to the UPC Broadband Holding bank facility, which replaced a €500 million multicurrency revolving credit facility (Facility A) due 2008. Facility L also extended the maturity and lowered the borrowing rate, as compared to Facility A. Additionally, during the quarter, J:COM completed a refinancing of its ¥40 billion in Tranche B Term Loans with a combination of fixed and variable interest rate loans that have bullet maturities in 2013. Also, Austar and VTR are currently undergoing refinancings of their existing credit facilities, which should provide both operations with additional liquidity.

In addition to our cash balances at June 30, 2006, approximately €310 million (\$396 million) of undrawn commitments under our €1.0 billion in revolvers and redrawable term loan facilities at UPC Broadband Holding B.V. (which as discussed above were upsized to €1.3 billion subsequent to quarter end) are anticipated to be available for borrowing, upon completion of our second quarter bank reporting requirements, as is the full ¥30 billion (\$262 million) of undrawn commitments under J:COM's ¥30 billion revolver. Subject to their terms, the undrawn amounts under those revolvers and redrawable term loan facilities may also be borrowed to finance acquisitions. In addition, our subsidiaries have several other credit facilities which collectively had approximately \$236 million of maximum availability at June 30, 2006.

Based on our June 30, 2006 results, and subject to completion of our second quarter bank reporting requirements, the ratio of Senior Debt to Annualized EBITDA (last two quarters annualized) for UPC Broadband Holding B.V., as defined in and calculated in accordance with the UPC Broadband Holding bank facility was 3.64x. The ratio of Total Debt to Annualized EBITDA (last two quarters annualized), as defined and calculated in accordance with the UPC Broadband Holding bank facility was 4.56x.¹¹

2006 Guidance Update

Through the first six months of 2006, we believe that we are on track to achieve or exceed our 2006 guidance targets, which we have adjusted to reflect M&A activity. Our new updated guidance targets for 2006 consist of 1.4 million organic RGU additions, revenue of \$6.2 billion, OCF of \$2.2 billion, and capital expenditures of approximately 27% of revenue. This compares to our previous guidance of 1.6 million organic RGU additions, revenue of \$6.8 billion, OCF of \$2.4 billion and capital expenditures of approximately 27% of revenue.

- 9 Includes capital lease obligations.
- Net debt is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents.
- Debt in the covenant calculations utilize debt figures which take into account currency swaps. Thus, the debt used in the calculations may differ from the debt balances reported within the financial statements.



The reduction in RGUs, revenue and OCF targets are directly related to our M&A activity, principally the divestitures of UPC Sweden and UPC France. Our new targets continue to be based on our original guidance for full year 2006 average exchange rates of 1.20 dollars per Euro, 115 yen per dollar, 550 Chilean pesos per dollar and 1.28 Swiss Francs per dollar. There is potential upside to our full year reported numbers, as the average exchange rate for the Euro was 1.23 dollars per Euro for the first six months of the year and the current spot rate is approximately 1.28 dollars per Euro, as compared to our guidance target of 1.20 dollars per Euro. Additionally, to the extent that our organic RGU growth ends up exceeding our guidance target, we would expect to report lower OCF due to the associated increase in marketing and subscriber acquisition costs.

About Liberty Global

Liberty Global is the leading international cable operator offering advanced video, voice, and Internet-access services to connect our customers to the world of information, communications and entertainment. As of June 30, 2006, Liberty Global operated state-of-the-art broadband communications networks that served approximately 13 million customers in 17 countries (excluding France) principally located in Europe, Japan, Chile, and Australia. Liberty Global's operations also include significant media and programming businesses such as Jupiter TV in Japan and chellomedia in Europe.

Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including our anticipated launch of modified dutch auction tender offers, our anticipated acquisition of Karneval, our guidance for 2006, our insights and expectations regarding competition in our markets, the impact of our M&A activity on our operations and financial performance and other information and statements that are not historical fact. These forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these statements. These risks and uncertainties include required governmental approvals for the Karneval acquisition, the continued use by subscribers and potential subscribers of the Company's services, changes in technology, regulation and competition, our ability to achieve expected operational efficiencies and economies of scale, the long-term success of our digital migration project, our ability to generate expected revenue and operating cash flow and achieve assumed margins including, to the extent annualized figures imply forward-looking projections, continued performance comparable with the period annualized, as well as other factors detailed from time to time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission including our most recently filed Form 10-Q. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this release. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any guidance and other forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in the Company's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Additional Information

References in this press release to the tender offers are for informational purposes only and do not constitute an offer to buy, or the solicitation of an offer to sell, any shares. The full details of the tender offers, including complete instructions on how to tender shares, along with the letters of transmittal and related materials, are expected to be mailed to stockholders on or about August 11, 2006. Stockholders should carefully read the offer to purchase, the letters of transmittal and other related materials when they are available because they will contain important information. Stockholders may obtain free copies, when available, of the Tender Offer Statement on Schedule TO, the offer to purchase and other documents that will be filed by Liberty Global with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission at the commission's website at www.sec.gov. Stockholders also may obtain a copy of these documents, without charge, from D.F. King & Co., Inc., the information agent for the tender offers, by calling toll free 1-800-347-4750. Stockholders are urged to read these materials carefully prior to making any decision with respect to either or both tender offers.



For more information, please visit **www.lgi.com** or contact:

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Liberty Global, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
		ints in millions
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,654.9	\$ 1,202.2
Trade receivables, net	392.1	534.2
Other receivables, net	87.4	112.5
Current assets of discontinued operations	60.7	14.7
Other current assets	415.9	398.8
Total current assets	2,611.0	2,262.4
Investments in affiliates, accounted for using the equity method, and related receivables	838.8	789.0
Other investments	532.3	569.0
Property and equipment, net	7,572.2	7,991.3
Goodwill	9,083.3	9,020.1
Franchise rights and other intangible assets not subject to amortization	186.1	218.0
Intangible assets subject to amortization, net	1,465.4	1,601.8
Long-term assets of discontinued operations	1,200.1	329.9
Other assets, net	647.9	597.0
Total assets	<u>\$ 24,137.1</u>	\$ 23,378.5
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Liberty Global, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued) (unaudited)

	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
TARREST AND STOCKHOLDERS FOLLOW	amounts	s in millions
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 555.2	\$ 715.6
Accrued liabilities and other	647.8	668.9
Current portion of deferred revenue and advance payments from subscribers and others	506.0	596.0
Accrued interest	120.9	145.5
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	245.0	35.3
Current portion of debt and capital lease obligations	345.7	270.0
Total current liabilities	2,420.6	2,431.3
Total Current naturnities	2,420.0	2,431.3
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations	10,445.0	9,845.0
Deferred tax liabilities	606.9	546.0
Long-term liabilities of discontinued operations	78.5	9.6
Other long-term liabilities	956.3	933.7
Total liabilities	14,507.3	13,765.6
Commitments and contingencies		
Minority interests in subsidiaries	1,902.3	1,796.5
Stockholders' Equity:	1,502.5	1,7000
Series A common stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 500,000,000 shares; issued 217,115,820 and 232,334,708 shares at June 30, 2006 and		
December 31, 2005, respectively	2.2	2.3
Series B common stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 50,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 7,293,199 and 7,323,570 shares at June 30, 2006		2.0
and December 31, 2005, respectively	0.1	0.1
Series C common stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 500,000,000 shares; issued 217,960,663 and 239,820,997 shares at June 30, 2006 and		
December 31, 2005, respectively	2.2	2.4
Additional paid-in capital	9,131.3	9,992.2
Accumulated deficit	(1,434.2)	(1,732.5)
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss), net of taxes	63.1	(262.9)
Deferred compensation	_	(15.6)
Treasury stock, at cost	(37.2)	(169.6)
Total stockholders' equity	7,727.5	7,816.4
		-
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 24,137.1	\$ 23,378.5

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Liberty Global, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)

		onths ended ne 30,	Six months ended June 30,		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	d 4 500 4	amounts in millions, exc		A 0.400.0	
Revenue	\$ 1,586.1	\$ 1,084.0	\$ 3,075.0	\$ 2,126.0	
Operating costs and expenses:					
Operating (other than depreciation) (including stock-based compensation of \$1.1 million,					
\$3.7 million, \$2.1 million and \$4.6 million, respectively)	680.8	464.4	1,309.0	889.9	
Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) (including stock-based compensation of \$18.2 million,			_,0 *****		
\$39.2 million, \$33.2 million and \$56.9 million, respectively)	357.1	293.5	695.4	539.8	
Depreciation and amortization	454.6	289.8	880.4	557.8	
Impairment, restructuring and other operating charges (credits)	0.1	(3.4)	6.2	0.8	
	1,492.6	1,044.3	2,891.0	1,988.3	
Operating income	93.5	39.7	184.0	137.7	
-1					
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense	(156.1)	(77.8)	(300.2)	(153.5)	
Interest and dividend income	20.3	22.2	36.0	42.0	
Share of results of affiliates, net	(1.0)	4.5	0.4	(16.8)	
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on financial and derivative instruments, net	(92.7)	69.3	21.1	155.2	
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net	43.6	(136.5)	82.2	(201.2)	
Losses on extinguishment of debt	(26.7)	(0.7)	(35.6)	(12.6)	
Gains (losses) on disposition of non-operating assets, net	2.3	(44.0)	47.6	25.5	
Other income (expense), net	(6.1)	0.2	(6.2)	0.9	
	(216.4)	(162.8)	(154.7)	(160.5)	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes, minority interests and discontinued operations	(122.9)	(123.1)	29.3	(22.8)	
Income tax benefit (expense)	(28.6)	55.4	(98.9)	(8.0)	
Minority interests in earnings of subsidiaries, net	(32.8)	(41.6)	(60.3)	(56.0)	
Loss from continuing operations	(184.3)	(109.3)	(129.9)	(86.8)	
Discontinued operations:					
Earnings (loss) from operations, including tax expense of nil, \$0.7 million, \$0.2 million and					
\$1.3 million, respectively	23.6	(4.7)	14.3	(10.7)	
Gain from disposal of discontinued operations	184.9		408.0	`	
·	208.5	(4.7)	422.3	(10.7)	
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 24.2	\$ (114.0)	\$ 292.4	\$ (97.5)	
		<u> </u>			
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share:					
Continuing operations	\$ (0.40)	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.24)	
Discontinued operations	0.45	(0.01)	0.91	(0.03)	
	\$ 0.05	\$ (0.31)	\$ 0.63	\$ (0.27)	
				10	



Liberty Global, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

	Six months en	
	2006 amounts in	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:	dinounts in	limmons
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 292.4	\$ (97.5)
Net loss (earnings) from discontinued operations	(422.3)	10.7
Loss from continuing operations	(129.9)	(86.8)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation expense	35.3	61.5
Depreciation and amortization	880.4	557.8
Impairment, restructuring and other operating charges	6.2	0.8
Amortization of deferred financing costs and non-cash interest	37.7	29.2
Share of results of affiliates, net of dividends	2.0	16.8
Realized and unrealized gains on financial and derivative instruments, net	(21.1)	(155.2)
Foreign currency transaction losses (gains), net	(82.2)	201.2
Losses on extinguishment of debt	35.6	12.6
Gains on disposition of non-operating assets, net	(47.6)	(25.5)
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	52.0	(24.0)
Minority interests in earnings of subsidiaries, net	60.3	56.0
Other non-cash items	9.2	_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects of acquisitions and dispositions:		
Receivables and other operating assets	83.8	66.4
Payables and accruals	(135.8)	(312.9)
Net cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operations	82.3	188.8
Net cash provided by operating activities	868.2	586.7
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expended for property and equipment	(697.1)	(467.6)
Cash paid in connection with acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(144.2)	(641.3)
Cash paid in connection with LGI Combination	`	(703.5)
Proceeds received upon disposition of discontinued operations, net of disposal costs	972.5	`
Proceeds received upon dispositions of assets	98.4	150.8
Net cash received (paid) to purchase and settle derivative instruments	8.7	78.0
Change in restricted cash	(3.1)	25.4
Proceeds received from sale of short-term liquid investments	2.6	55.2
Purchases of short-term liquid investments	_	(35.5)
Return of cash previously paid into escrow in connection with 2004 acquisition	_	56.9
Other investing activities, net	(9.0)	15.9
Net cash used by investing activities of discontinued operations	(92.5)	(86.2)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$ 136.3	\$ (1,551.9)
	<u> </u>	
		11



Liberty Global, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) (unaudited)

	Six months en	
	2006	2005
Cash flows from financing activities:	amounts in	1 millions
Borrowings of debt	\$ 5,880.5	\$ 3,401.8
Repayments of debt and capital lease obligations	(5,752.4)	(3,804.7)
Repurchase of common stock	(755.7)	(=,==)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(25.9)	(63.2)
Proceeds from issuance of stock by subsidiaries	6.4	855.5
Other financing activities, net	11.1	1.6
Net cash used by financing activities of discontinued operations	_	(8.2)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(636.0)	382.8
. , , , , ,		
Effect of exchange rates on cash	84.2	(62.7)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents:		
Continuing operations	462.9	(739.5)
Discontinued operations	(10.2)	94.4
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	452.7	(645.1)
		` /
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of period	1,202.2	2,529.1
End of period	\$ 1,654.9	\$ 1,884.0
	<u> </u>	
Cash paid for interest	\$ 294.8	\$ 162.0
Cash pade for interest	Ψ 234.0	Ψ 102.0
Net cash paid for taxes	\$ 30.7	\$ 20.5
Tee cash paid for taxes	\$ 30.7	Ψ 20.3
		12



Revenue and Operating Cash Flow

The tables presented below provide revenue and operating cash flow (as defined below, OCF), by reportable segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, as compared to the corresponding prior year periods. The UPC Broadband Division segments provided services in 11 European countries (excluding France) at June 30, 2006. In each case, the tables present (i) the amounts reported by each of our reportable segments for the comparative periods, (ii) the U.S. dollar change and percentage change from period to period, (iii) the percentage change from period to period, after removing FX, and (iv) the percentage change from period to period, after adjusting the three and six month 2005 results for the period ending June 30, 2005 to reflect acquisitions to the extent that they are included in the three and six month results for the period ending June 30, 2006 and adjusting the three and six month results for 2005 to the applicable average 2006 exchange rates (see supplemental information on page 20). The comparison that excludes FX assumes that exchange rates remained constant during the periods that are included in each table. Other Western Europe includes our operating segments in Ireland and Belgium. Other Central and Eastern Europe includes our operating segments in Poland, Czech Republic, Slovak Republic, Romania and Slovenia. Our corporate and other category includes (i) certain less significant operating segments that provide DTH satellite services in Australia, video programming and other services in Europe and Argentina and broadband communication services in Puerto Rico, Brazil and Peru and (ii) our corporate segment.

During the second quarter of 2006, we changed our reporting such that we no longer allocate the central and corporate costs of the UPC Broadband Division to its individual operating segments within the UPC Broadband Division. Instead, we present these costs as a separate category within the UPC Broadband Division. The UPC Broadband Division's central and corporate costs include billing, programming, network operations, technology, marketing, facilities, finance, legal and other administrative costs. Segment information for all periods presented has been restated to reflect the above-described changes and to present UPC Norway, UPC Sweden, UPC France and PT Norway as discontinued operations. Previously, UPC Norway and UPC Sweden were included in our Other Western Europe reportable segment, UPC France was presented as a separate reportable segment, and PT Norway was included in our corporate and other category. Accordingly, we present only the reportable segments of our continuing operations in the following tables.

Both Cablecom and UPC Broadband Holding have separate financial reporting requirements in connection with their separate financing arrangements. For purposes of these separate reporting requirements, certain of UPC Broadband Holding's central and corporate costs are charged to Cablecom. Consistent with how we present Cablecom's performance measures to our chief operating decision maker, the segment information presented for Cablecom in the following tables does not reflect intersegment charges made for separate reporting purposes.

Revenue

	Three mon June		Increase (decrease		Increase (decrease) excluding FX	Rebased	
	2006	2005	\$	%	%	%	
Europe (UPC Broadband Division) The Netherlands	\$ 202.1	\$ 195.4	amounts in millions, exce \$ 6.7	pt % amounts 3.4	3.8	_	
Switzerland (Cablecom)	193.5	Ψ 135. -	193.5	N.M.	N.M.	_	
Austria	105.8	81.7	24.1	29.5	29.9	_	
Other Western Europe	75.4	56.4	19.0	33.7	33.9	_	
Total Western Europe	576.8	333.5	243.3	73.0	73.3	9.5	
Hungary	75.9	71.0	4.9	6.9	14.0		
Other Central and Eastern Europe	139.1	84.7	54.4	64.2	58.1	_	
Total Central and Eastern Europe	215.0	155.7	59.3	38.1	38.0	16.3	
Central and corporate operations of UPC Broadband							
Division	2.1	0.8	1.3	162.5	183.3	_	
Total Europe (UPC Broadband Division)	793.9	490.0	303.9	62.0	62.3	11.4	
Japan (J:COM)	455.9	412.9	43.0	10.4	17.6	11.4	
Chile (VTR)	141.1	109.2	31.9	29.2	17.0	17.0	
Corporate and other	217.3	90.0	127.3	141.4	141.5	_	
Intersegment eliminations	(22.1)	(18.1)	(4.0)	(22.1)	(22.2)	_	
Total consolidated LGI	\$ 1,586.1	\$ 1,084.0	\$ 502.1	46.3	48.0	10.8	



		hs ended e 30,	Increase (decrease		Increase (decrease) excluding FX	Rebased	
	2006	2005	\$	%	%	%	
Europe (UPC Broadband Division) The Netherlands	\$ 398.0	\$ 399.8	amounts in millions, exce \$ (1.8)	(0.5)	4.2	_	
Switzerland (Cablecom)	372.3	_	372.3	N.M.	N.M.	_	
Austria	192.7	166.7	26.0	15.6	20.8	_	
Other Western Europe	147.3	89.9	57.4	63.8	70.4	_	
Total Western Europe	1,110.3	656.4	453.9	69.1	74.2	9.1	
Hungary	150.9	143.2	7.7	5.4	15.6		
Other Central and Eastern Europe	266.8	168.5	98.3	58.3	58.8	_	
Total Central and Eastern Europe	417.7	311.7	106.0	34.0	39.0	17.2	
Central and corporate operations of UPC Broadband							
Division	2.8	1.4	1.4	100.0	130.0	_	
Total Europe (UPC Broadband Division)	1,530.8	969.5	561.3	57.9	63.0	11.3	
Japan (J:COM)	893.2	819.0	74.2	9.1	19.0	12.2	
Chile (VTR)	274.0	194.1	79.9	41.2	28.2	16.3	
Corporate and other	424.8	179.4	245.4	136.8	141.4	_	
Intersegment eliminations	(47.8)	(36.0)	(11.8)	(32.8)	(38.9)		
Total consolidated LGI	\$ 3,075.0	\$ 2,126.0	\$ 949.0	44.6	49.9	10.9	

Operating Cash Flow

	Three mon June		Increase (decrease		Increase (decrease) Excluding FX	Rebased	
	2006	2005	\$	%	%	%	
Europe (UPC Broadband Division) The Netherlands	\$ 98.6	\$ 101.8	amounts in millions, exce \$ (3.2)	ept % amounts (3.1)	(2.7)	_	
Switzerland (Cablecom)	88.6	Ψ 101.0 —	88.6	N.M.	N.M.	_	
Austria	48.6	41.3	7.3	17.7	18.3	_	
Other Western Europe	25.9	19.8	6.1	30.8	29.6	_	
Total Western Europe	261.7	162.9	98.8	60.7	61.0	13.1	
Hungary	35.6	30.6	5.0	16.3	24.1		
Other Central and Eastern Europe	65.0	38.6	26.4	68.4	62.2	_	
Total Central and Eastern Europe	100.6	69.2	31.4	45.4	45.4	22.6	
Central and corporate operations of UPC Broadband							
Division	(49.6)	(49.2)	(0.4)	0.8	1.0	_	
Total Europe (UPC Broadband Division)	312.7	182.9	129.8	71.0	71.2	18.3	
Japan (J:COM)	178.0	147.2	30.8	20.9	28.8	20.0	
Chile (VTR)	48.2	35.3	12.9	36.5	23.8	23.8	
Corporate and other	28.6	3.6	25.0	N.M.	N.M.		
Total	\$ 567.5	\$ 369.0	\$ 198.5	53.8	55.8	17.3	

N.M. — Not meaningful.



	Six months ended June 30,			Increase (decrease)				Increase (decrease) Excluding FX		Rebased	Dahasad	
	2006 2005		amo	\$ unts in millio		% amounts	%		%	_		
Europe (UPC Broadband Division)												
The Netherlands	\$ 201.6		\$	223.1	\$	(21.5)		(9.6)		(5.1)	-	_
Switzerland (Cablecom)	164.4			_		164.4		N.M.		N.M.	-	_
Austria	92.5			83.7		8.8		10.5		15.7	-	_
Other Western Europe	 50.5			32.8		17.7		54.0	_	60.3		_
Total Western Europe	509.0			339.6		169.4		49.9		54.8	9	9.4
Hungary	71.4			62.7		8.7		13.9		25.0	-	_
Other Central and Eastern Europe	126.4			78.3		48.1		61.4		61.9	-	_
Total Central and Eastern Europe	197.8			141.0		56.8		40.3		45.5	22	2.8
Central and corporate operations of UPC Broadband												
Division	(100.7)			(100.6)		(0.1)		0.1		4.5		_
Total Europe (UPC Broadband Division)	606.1			380.0		226.1		59.5		64.6	14	4.4
Japan (J:COM)	350.2			315.6		34.6		11.0		21.2	13	3.7
Chile (VTR)	94.4			65.9		28.5		43.2		30.0	25	5.5
Corporate and other	55.2			(3.7)		58.9		N.M.		N.M.		_
Total	\$ 1,105.9		\$	757.8	\$	348.1		45.9		51.0	15	5.1

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Operating Cash Flow Definition and Reconciliation

Operating cash flow is not a GAAP measure. Operating cash flow is the primary measure used by our chief operating decision maker to evaluate segment operating performance and to decide how to allocate resources to segments. As we use the term, operating cash flow is defined as revenue less operating and SG&A expenses (excluding stock-based compensation, depreciation and amortization and impairment, restructuring and other operating charges or credits). We believe operating cash flow is meaningful because it provides investors a means to evaluate the operating performance of our segments and our company on an ongoing basis using criteria that are used by our internal decision makers. Our internal decision makers believe operating cash flow is a meaningful measure and is superior to other available GAAP measures because it represents a transparent view of our recurring operating performance and allows management to readily view operating trends, perform analytical comparisons and benchmarking between segments in the different countries in which we operate and identify strategies to improve operating performance. For example, our internal decision makers believe that the inclusion of impairment and restructuring charges within operating cash flow would distort the ability to efficiently assess and view the core operating trends in our segments. A reconciliation of total segment operating cash flow to our consolidated earnings before income taxes, minority interests and discontinued operations, is presented below. Investors should view operating cash flow as a measure of operating performance that is a supplement to, and not a substitute for, operating income, net earnings, cash flow from operating activities and other GAAP measures of income.

	Three montl June 3		Six months ended June 30,		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
		amounts in i	millions		
Total segment operating cash flow	\$ 567.5	\$ 369.0	\$ 1,105.9	\$ 757.8	
Stock-based compensation expense	(19.3)	(42.9)	(35.3)	(61.5)	
Depreciation and amortization	(454.6)	(289.8)	(880.4)	(557.8)	
Impairment, restructuring and other operating credits (charges)	(0.1)	3.4	(6.2)	(0.8)	
Operating income	93.5	39.7	184.0	137.7	
Interest expense	(156.1)	(77.8)	(300.2)	(153.5)	
Interest and dividend income	20.3	22.2	36.0	42.0	
Share of results of affiliates, net	(1.0)	4.5	0.4	(16.8)	
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on financial and derivative instruments, net	(92.7)	69.3	21.1	155.2	
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses), net	43.6	(136.5)	82.2	(201.2)	
Losses on extinguishment of debt	(26.7)	(0.7)	(35.6)	(12.6)	
Gains (losses) on disposition of non-operating assets, net	2.3	(44.0)	47.6	25.5	
Other income (expense), net	(6.1)	0.2	(6.2)	0.9	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes, minority interests and discontinued operations	\$ (122.9)	\$ (123.1)	\$ 29.3	\$ (22.8)	

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Capital Expenditures and Capital Lease Additions

The table below highlights our capital expenditures per NCTA cable industry guidelines, as well as capital lease additions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively:

	Three months ended					Six months ended			
	June 30, 2006		Jur	ie 30, 2005			J	une 30, 2005	
					ts in millions				
Customer Premises Equipment	\$	182.8	\$	88.4	\$	306.6	\$	166.0	
Scaleable Infrastructure		33.0		52.3		80.5		85.2	
Line Extensions		49.4		15.5		79.2		34.5	
Upgrade/Rebuild		65.1		32.1		93.2		48.0	
Support Capital		69.1		55.7		121.3		104.7	
Other including chellomedia		8.1		17.8		16.3	_	29.3	
Total Capital Expenditures (Capex)	\$	407.5	\$	261.8	\$	697.1	\$	467.7	
Percent of Revenue		26%		24%		23%		22%	
Add: Capital Lease Additions ¹²		29.5		41.2		54.3		71.4	
Total Capex and Capital Leases	\$	437.0	\$	303.0	\$	751.4	\$	539.1	
Percent of Revenue		28%		28%		24%		25%	
			_				_		

Free Cash Flow Definition and Reconciliation

Free Cash Flow is not a GAAP measure of liquidity. We define Free Cash Flow as net cash provided by operating activities including net cash provided by discontinued operations less capital expenditures and capital lease additions. Our definition of free cash flow includes capital lease additions which are used to finance capital expenditures. From a financial reporting perspective, capital expenditures that are financed by capital lease arrangements are treated as non-cash activities and accordingly are not included in the capital expenditure amounts presented in our consolidated statements of cash flows. We believe our presentation of free cash flow provides useful information to our investors because it can be used to gauge our ability to service debt and fund new investment opportunities. Investors should view free cash flow as a supplement to, and not a substitute for, GAAP cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as a measure of liquidity. The table below highlights the reconciliation of net cash flows from operating activities to Free Cash Flow for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006:

	 nontus ended		June 30,	
	June 30, 2006		2006	
	 amounts in	millions		
Net cash provided by continuing operations ¹³	\$ 358.8	\$	785.9	
Capital expenditures of continuing operations	(407.5)		(697.1)	
Capital lease additions of continuing operations	(29.5)		(54.3)	
FCF of discontinued operations	(4.3)		(10.4)	
Free cash flow	\$ (82.5)	\$	24.1	

Relates primarily to customer premise equipment for J:COM.

¹³ Excludes net cash provided by operating activities of discontinued operations.



Summary of Debt, Capital Lease Obligations and Cash

The following table details the U.S. dollar equivalent balances of our consolidated debt, capital lease obligations and cash at June 30, 2006:

Debt	Capital Lease Obligations amounts ir	Debt and Capital Lease Obligations n millions	Cash
\$ 1,727.0	\$ —	\$ 1,727.0	\$ 877.3
1,022.8	_	1,022.8	15.6
4,109.8	2.9	4,112.7	187.9
1,505.1	23.5	1,528.6	156.7
1,247.2	341.0	1,588.2	308.8
325.8	_	325.8	47.2
485.4	0.2	485.6	61.4
\$ 10,423.1	\$ 367.6	\$ 10,790.7	\$ 1,654.9
	\$ 1,727.0 1,022.8 4,109.8 1,505.1 1,247.2 325.8 485.4	Debt Obligations amounts in amounts in amounts in section with a sectio	Debt Capital Lease Obligations amounts in millions Capital Lease Obligations obligations \$ 1,727.0 \$ — \$ 1,727.0 1,022.8 — 1,022.8 4,109.8 2.9 4,112.7 1,505.1 23.5 1,528.6 1,247.2 341.0 1,588.2 325.8 — 325.8 485.4 0.2 485.6

ARPU per Customer Relationship Table¹⁴

The following table provides ARPU per customer relationship for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

		As of June 30, 2006			Percent
UPC Broadband ¹⁵			C	30, 2005	Change 12.50/
	₹	22.35	₹	19.70	13.5%
J:COM	¥	8,473	¥	8,169	3.7%
VTR	CLP	26,991	CLP	24,538	10.0%
Liberty Global Consolidated	\$	38.70	\$	36.33	6.5%

ARPUs for UPC Broadband and Liberty Global Consolidated are not adjusted for currency impacts.

¹⁵ UPC Broadband's ARPU excludes UPC Norway, UPC Sweden and UPC France for both periods.



Customer Breakdown and Bundling

The following table provides information on the geography of our customer base and highlights our customer bundling metrics, excluding the impact of UPC Norway, UPC Sweden, and UPC France from all calculations for June 30, 2006, March 31, 2006 and June 30, 2005, respectively:

	As of June 30, 2006	As of March 31, 2006	As of June 30, 2005	Q2'06 / Q1'06 (% Change)	Q2'06 / Q2'05 (% Change)
Total Customers					
UPC Broadband	9,369,800	9,436,900	6,331,500	(0.7%)	48.0%
J:COM	2,081,200	2,025,000	1,826,200	2.8%	14.0%
VTR	928,100	909,300	880,700	2.1%	5.4%
Other	643,000	625,400	151,200	2.8%	325.3%
Liberty Global Consolidated(16)	13,022,100	12,996,600	9,189,600	0.2%	41.7%
Total Single-Play Customers	9,648,000	9,796,400	6,946,300	(1.5%)	38.9%
Total Dual-Play Customers	2,004,600	1,961,800	1,448,800	2.2%	38.4%
Total Triple-Play Customers	1,369,500	1,238,400	794,500	10.6%	72.4%
% Dual-Play Customers UPC Broadband	12.20/	12.7%	11 70/	2.00/	12.00/
	13.2% 28.5%		11.7% 28.2%	3.9% 0.4%	12.8% 1.1%
J:COM VTR	15.6%	28.4% 17.6%	18.9%		
	15.4%		15.8%	(11.4%) 2.0%	(17.5%)
Liberty Global Consolidated	15.4%	15.1%	15.8%	2.0%	(2.5%)
% Triple-Play Customers					
UPC Broadband	6.6%	5.9%	4.1%	11.9%	61.0%
J:COM	23.4%	22.9%	21.2%	2.2%	10.4%
VTR	27.1%	22.8%	15.9%	18.9%	70.4%
Liberty Global Consolidated	10.5%	9.5%	8.6%	10.5%	22.1%
RGUs per Customer Relationship					
UPC Broadband	1.26	1.24	1.20	1.6%	5.0%
J:COM	1.75	1.74	1.71	0.6%	2.3%
VTR	1.70	1.63	1.52	4.3%	11.8%
Liberty Global Consolidated	1.37	1.34	1.33	2.2%	3.0%

Jupiter TV Co., Ltd ("Jupiter TV") Supplemental Financial Information

Liberty Global owned 50% of Jupiter TV at June 30, 2006. Jupiter TV is the largest multi-channel pay television programming and content provider in Japan based upon the number of subscribers receiving the channels. Jupiter TV currently owns or has investments in 18 channels. Summary financial information is presented below, as well as a reconciliation of operating cash flow to operating income calculated in accordance with GAAP for the periods presented therein:

	Six June 30, 2006	months ended June 30, 2005	Six m June 30, 2006 amount in millions	onths ended June 30, 2005	Percent Change
Revenue	\$ 458	\$ 375	¥ 52,975	¥ 39,751	33%
Operating Cash Flow	95	75	10,972	7,983	37%
Depreciation and Amortization	(11)	(8)	(1,217)	(868)	40%
Operating Income	\$ 84	\$ 67	¥ 9,755	¥ 7,115	37%
Cash, net of debt ¹⁷ at period end	\$ 96	\$ 25	¥ 11,025	¥ 2,816	
Cumulative Subscribers ¹⁸ (in thousands)	61,768	48,574			

¹⁶ Excludes mobile customers.

¹⁷ Includes shareholder debt of \$9 million at June 30, 2005.

¹⁸ Includes subscribers at all consolidated and equity owned Jupiter TV channels. Shop Channel subscribers are stated on a full-time equivalent basis.



Explanation of Calculation of Rebased 2005 Amounts:

For purposes of calculating rebased growth rates on a comparable basis for all businesses that we owned during the first six months of 2006, we have adjusted our historical revenue and OCF for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 to (i) include the pre-acquisition revenue and OCF of certain entities acquired during 2005 and 2006 in our rebased amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 to the same extent that the revenue and OCF of such entities are included in our results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and (ii) reflect the translation of our rebased amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 at the applicable average exchange rates that were used to translate our results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. The acquired entities that have been included in the determination of our rebased revenue and OCF for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 include, as applicable, Cablecom, NTL Ireland, Astral, IPS, Canal+, Metrópolis, Telemach, Austar, J:COM Chofu, J:COM Setamachi, INODE, two smaller acquisitions in Europe and three smaller acquisitions in Japan. We have reflected the revenue and OCF of these acquired entities in our 2005 rebased amounts based on what we believe to be the most reliable information that is currently available to us (generally preacquisition financial statements), as adjusted for the estimated effects of (i) any significant differences between U.S. GAAP and local GAAP, (ii) any significant effects of post-acquisition purchase accounting adjustments, (iii) any significant differences between our accounting policies and those of the acquired entities and (iv) other appropriate items. As we did not own or operate these businesses during the pre-acquisition periods, no assurance can be given that we have identified all adjustments necessary to present the revenue and OCF of these entities on a basis that is comparable to the corresponding post-acquisition amounts that are included in our historical 2006 results or that the pre-acquisition financial statements we have relied upon do not contain undetected errors. The adjustments reflected in our 2005 rebased amounts have not been prepared with a view towards complying with Article 11 of the SEC's Regulation S-X. In addition, the rebased growth percentages are not necessarily indicative of the revenue and OCF that would have occurred if these transactions had occurred on the dates assumed for purposes of calculating our rebased 2005 amounts or the revenue and OCF that will occur in the future. The rebased growth percentages have been presented as a basis for assessing 2006 growth rates on a comparable basis, and are not presented as a measure of our pro forma financial performance for 2005. Therefore, we believe our rebased data is not a non-GAAP measure as contemplated by Regulation G or item 10 of Regulation S-K.



							June 30.	2006					
	-	Two-way					Video	2000		Inte	rnet	Telep	hone
	Homes Passed (1)	Homes Passed (2)	Customer Relationships (3)	Total RGUs (4)	Analog Cable Subscribers (5)	Digital Cable Subscribers (6)	DTH Subscribers (7)	MMDS Subscribers (8)	Total Video	Homes Serviceable (9)	Subscribers (10)	Homes Serviceable (11)	Subscribers (12)
Europe:													
The Netherlands	2,659,500	2,576,900	2,208,700	3,077,900	1,859,200	345,500		_	2,204,700	2,576,900	526,000	2,417,800	347,200
Switzerland (13)	1,804,300	1,261,200	1,544,300	2,145,500	1,425,600	117,400	_	_	1,543,000	1,409,900	379,000	1,409,900	223,500
Austria	962,400	959,100	665,900	1,027,500	449,300	46,200			495,500	959,100	366,000	925,300	166,000
Ireland	850,100	259,300	591,500	630,200	296,300	177,900	_	115,400	589,600	259,300	40,300	24,200	300
Belgium	186,400	186,400	145,600	168,700	125,700	5,100			130,800	186,400	37,900		
Total													
Western	C 460 500	5 0 40 000	E 450 000	T 0 40 000	4.50.400	500 400		445 400	4 050 500	5 204 600	4 2 40 200	4 555 200	EDE 000
Europe	6,462,700	5,242,900	5,156,000	7,049,800	4,156,100	692,100		115,400	4,963,600	5,391,600	1,349,200	4,777,200	737,000
Hungary	1,077,500	962,600	1,009,700	1,198,900	729,400	_	176,800	_	906,200	962,600	168,200	965,200	124,500
Poland	1,918,100	1,063,400	1,019,200	1,172,700	996,500	_		_	996,500	1,063,400	148,800	999,600	27,400
Czech Republic	752,800	442,500	440,900	507,300	297,400		117,300		414,700	442,500	91,000	440,000	1,600
Romania	1,918,100	1,041,400	1,331,200	1,457,400	1,318,600	3,100	9,400		1,331,100	911,900	81,800	878,600	44,500
Slovak Republic	433,100	245,800	299,500	323,200	253,300		17,100	26,500	296,900	229,700	26,300		_
Slovenia	131,700	84,800	113,300	134,000	113,300				113,300	84,800	20,700		
Total Central													
and													
Eastern													
Europe	6,231,300	3,840,500	4,213,800	4,793,500	3,708,500	3,100	320,600	26,500	4,058,700	3,694,900	536,800	3,283,400	198,000
Total Europe	12,694,000	9,083,400	9,369,800	11,843,300	7,864,600	695,200	320,600	141,900	9,022,300	9,086,500	1,886,000	8,060,600	935,000
Japan:													
J:Com	7,503,900	7,496,000	2,081,200	3,647,700	970,200	763,800			1,734,000	7,496,000	920,000	7,126,000	993,700
The Americas:													
Chile	2,283,500	1,401,700	928,100	1,576,900	734,200	57,300	_	_	791,500	1,401,700	366,800	1,351,500	418,600
Puerto Rico	332,700	332,700	123,400	166,300	_	108,700	_	_	108,700	332,700	37,900	332,700	19,700
Brazil & Peru	81,800	48,800	27,900	31,300	10,900			15,100	26,000	48,800	5,300		
Total The													
Americas	2,698,000	1,783,200	1,079,400	1,774,500	745,100	166,000	_	15,100	926,200	1,783,200	410,000	1,684,200	438,300
Australia:													
Austar	2,429,600	_	491,700	570,900	_	8,600	562,300	_	570,900	_	_	_	_
Total Continuing													
Operations	25,325,500	18,362,600	13,022,100	17,836,400	9,579,900	1,633,600	882,900	157,000	12,253,400	18,365,700	3,216,000	16,870,800	2,367,000
Disc Operations —													
Sweden	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Disc Operations —													
France	4.615.100	3,365,000	1,612,400	2,011,000	935,700	573,800	_	_	1,509,500	3,365,000	316,000	2,677,300	185,500
Tuncc	1,010,100	2,000,000	1,012,100	2,011,000	555,700	0,0,000			2,000,000	5,505,000	510,000	2,077,000	100,000
Grand Total	29,940,600	21,727,600	14,634,500	19,847,400	10,515,600	2,207,400	882,900	157,000	13,762,900	21,730,700	3,532,000	19,548,100	2,552,500
Gidilu Ittai	23,340,000	21,/2/,000	14,034,300	13,047,400	10,313,000	2,207,400	002,500	137,000	13,702,300	21,/30,/00	3,332,000	13,340,100	2,332,300



	June 30, 2006 vs. March 31, 2006												
	Homes	Two-way Homes	Customer	Total	Analog Cable	Digital Cable	Video DTH	MMDS	Total	Homes	rnet	Telep Homes	•
	Passed (1)	Passed (2)	Relationships (3)	RGUs (4)	Subscribers (5)	Subscribers (6)	Subscribers (7)	Subscribers (8)	Video	Serviceable (9)	Subscribers (10)	Serviceable (11)	Subscribers (12)
Europe:													
The Netherlands	7,400	44,000	(15,300)	29,100	(152,000)	136,600	_		(15,400)	44,000	22,500	12,100	22,000
Switzerland Austria	4,600 3,200	(486,600) 3,200	(58,600) 11,400	52,100 11,800	15,800 (3,200)	5,600 900	_	_	21,400	(60,700) 3,200	14,600 12,700	(60,700)	16,100
Ireland	(45,000)	20,600	(1,100)	6,100	(16,900)	15,900		(500)	(2,300) (1,500)	20,600	7,600	3,300	1,400
Belgium	29,400	29,400	(1,100)	400	(300)	(200)		(300)	(500)	29,400	900	_	_
Total Western Europe	(400)	(389,400)	(63,600)	99,500	(156,600)	158,800		(500)	1,700	36,500	58,300	(45,300)	39,500
Hungary	33,300	53,700	(3,300)	12,000	(3,300)		(2,800)		(6,100)	53,700	11,900	53,700	6,200
Poland	3,100	116,300	(5,300)	19,600	(4,400)	_	(2,000)	_	(4,400)	116,300	8,900	109,700	15,100
Czech Republic	7,600	33,900	(100)	5,700	(900)	_	(2,100)	_	(3,000)	33,900	7,100	440,000	1,600
Romania	· —	73,600	2,700	32,300	(6,400)	(300)	9,400	_	2,700	69,400	12,800	217,400	16,800
Slovak Republic	1,300	3,700	(2,300)	400	(300)	_	(500)	(1,100)	(1,900)	2,800	2,300	_	
Slovenia	5,700	4,800	4,800	5,800	4,800			_=	4,800	4,800	1,000		
Total Central and	E4 000	200 200	(2.500)	75 000	(40.500)	(200)	4.000	(4.400)	(7.000)	200.000	44.000	000 000	20.700
Eastern Europe	51,000	286,000	(3,500)	75,800	(10,500)	(300)	4,000	(1,100)	(7,900)	280,900	44,000	820,800	39,700
Total Europe	50,600	(103,400)	(67,100)	175,300	(167,100)	158,500	4,000	(1,600)	(6,200)	317,400	102,300	775,500	79,200
Japan: J:Com	154,700	155,400	56,200	117,800	(40,800)	78,700			37,900	155,400	36,000	354,400	43,900
J:Com	154,700	155,400	30,200	117,000	(40,000)	/6,/00			37,900	155,400	30,000	334,400	43,900
The Americas:													
Chile	30,800	42,300	18,800	92,100	(20,200)	44,400	_	_	24,200	42,300	36,800	48,500	31,100
Puerto Rico	800	800	4,900	3,000	(32,800)	32,100	_	_	(700)	800	2,100	800	1,600
Brazil & Peru	(100)	3,400	300	300	100		=	=	100	3,400	200		
Total The Americas	31,500	46,500	24,000	95,400	(52,900)	76,500			23,600	46,500	39,100	49,300	32,700
Australia:													
Austar	6,000		12,400	89,500		200	89,300		89,500				
Total Continuing Operations	242,800	98,500	25,500	478,000	(260,800)	313,900	93,300	(1,600)	144,800	519,300	177,400	1,179,200	155,800
Disc Operations — Sweden	(421,600)	(289,200)	(300,200)	(394,100)	(236,700)	(63,500)	_	_	(300,200)	(289,200)	(93,900)	_	
Disc Operations — France	900	1,100	400	23,800	(5,700)	1,500	_	_	(4,200)	1,100	7,800	87,700	20,200
G 1m-1	(4.55.000)	(400,000)	(054 200)	107.700	(500,000)	254.000	02.200	(4.500)	(450,000)	224 200	04.200	4 255 000	450,000
Grand Total	(177,900)	(189,600)	(274,300)	107,700	(503,200)	251,900	93,300	(1,600)	(159,600)	231,200	91,300	1,266,900	176,000
ORGANIC GROWTH SUMMARY:													
Europe	65,600	355,700	(18,300)	144,300	(189,500)	158,500	(4,600)	(1,600)	(37,200)	350,600	102,300	839,600	79,200
Japan	49,500	50,200	44,600	103,000	(51,700)	78,500	(4,000)	(1,000)	26,800	50,200	32,300	354,400	43,900
The Americas	31,500	46,500	24,000	95,400	(52,900)	76,500	_	_	23,600	46,500	39,100	49,300	32,700
Australia	6,000		12,400	20,200		200	20,000	=	20,200				
Organic growth from													
Continuing Operations	152,600	452,400	62,700	362,900	(294,100)	313,700	15,400	(1,600)	33,400	447,300	173,700	1,243,300	155,800
Organic growth from													
Discontinued Operations	900	1,100	400	23,800	(5,700)	1,500			(4,200)	1,100	7,800	87,700	20,200
Total Organic Change	153,500	453,500	63,100	386,700	(299,800)	315,200	15,400	(1,600)	29,200	448,400	181,500	1,331,000	176,000
ADJUSTMENTS FOR													
M&A AND OTHER: Q2 2006 Acquisition — Focus													
Sat (Romania)	_	_	8,600	8,600	_	_	8,600	_	8,600	_	_	_	_
Q2 2006 Acquisition —			0,000	0,000			0,000		0,000				
Murska Sobota (Slovenia)	5,100	1,800	4,800	4,800	4,800	_	_	_	4,800	1,800	_	_	_
Q2 2006 Acquisitions —	·			-	·								
Sakura & Other (Japan)	105,200	105,200	11,600	14,800	10,900	200			11,100	105,200	3,700		
Total Q2 acquisitions	110,300	107,000	25,000	28,200	15,700	200	8,600		24,500	107,000	3,700		
Disc Operations Sweden	(421,600)	(289,200)	(300,200)	(394,100)	(236,700)	(63,500)	_	_	(300,200)	(289,200)	(93,900)		
Cablecom adjustment — (14)	_	(490,000)	(62,200)	17,600	17,600	_	_	_	17,600	(64,100)	_	(64,100)	_
NTL Ireland adjustment — (14)	(49,200)												
Belgium adjustment — (14)	29,100	29,100								29,100			
Austar adjustment — (14)			_	69,300	_	_	69,300	_	69,300		_	_	_
Net adjustment to Cont Ops				,			,						
for Acquisitions & Other	(331,400)	(643,100)	(337,400)	(279,000)	(203,400)	(63,300)	77,900	_	(188,800)	(217,200)	(90,200)	(64,100)	_
Net Adds (Reductions) from													
Continuing Operations	242,800	98,500	25,500	478,000	(260,800)	313,900	93,300	(1,600)	144,800	519,300	177,400	1,179,200	155,800
Net Adds (Reductions) from													
Discontinued Operations	(420,700)	(288,100)	(299,800)	(370,300)	(242,400)	(62,000)		_=	(304,400)	(288,100)	(86,100)	87,700	20,200
Total Net Adds (Reductions)	(177,900)	(189,600)	(274,300)	107,700	(503,200)	251,900	93,300	(1,600)	(159,600)	231,200	91,300	1,266,900	176,000



Footnotes for pages 21-22

- (1) Homes Passed are homes that can be connected to our networks without further extending the distribution plant, except for direct-to-home (DTH) and Multi-channel Multipoint Distribution System (MMDS) homes. Our Homes Passed counts are based on census data that can change based on either revisions to the data or from new census results. With the exception of Austar, we do not count homes passed for DTH. With respect to Austar, we count all homes in the areas that Austar is authorized to serve. With respect to MMDS, one home passed is equal to one MMDS subscriber. Due to the fact that we do not own the Cablecom partner networks in Switzerland or the unbundled loop and shared access network used by INODE in Austria, we do not report homes passed for Cablecom's partner networks or for INODE. See note 13 below.
- (2) Two-way Homes Passed are homes where customers can request and receive the installation of a two-way addressable set-top converter, cable modem, transceiver and/or voice port which, in most cases, allows for the provision of video and Internet services and, in some cases, telephone services. Due to the fact that we do not own the Cablecom partner networks in Switzerland or the unbundled loop and shared access network used by INODE in Austria, we do not report homes passed for Cablecom's partner networks or for INODE.
- (3) Customer Relationships are the number of customers who receive at least one level of service without regard to which service(s) they subscribe. We exclude mobile customers from customer relationships.
- (4) Revenue Generating Unit is separately an Analog Cable Subscriber, Digital Cable Subscriber, DTH Subscriber, MMDS Subscriber, Internet Subscriber or Telephone Subscriber. A home may contain one or more RGUs. For example, if a residential customer in our Austrian system subscribed to our digital cable service, telephone service and high-speed broadband Internet access service, the customer would constitute three RGUs. Total RGUs is the sum of Analog, Digital Cable, DTH, MMDS, Internet and Telephone Subscribers. In some cases, non-paying subscribers are counted as subscribers during their free promotional service period. Some of these subscribers choose to disconnect after their free service period.
- (5) Analog Cable Subscriber is comprised of video cable customers that are counted on a per connection basis or an equivalent billing unit (EBU) basis. In Europe, we have approximately 650,200 "lifeline" customers that are counted on a per connection basis, representing the least expensive regulated tier of basic cable service, with only a few channels. An analog cable subscriber is not counted as a digital cable subscriber.
- (6) Digital Cable Subscriber is a customer with one or more digital converter boxes that receives our digital video service. We count a subscriber with one or more digital converter boxes that receives our digital video service as just one subscriber. A digital subscriber is not counted as an analog subscriber. Subscribers to digital video services provided by Cablecom over partner networks receive analog video services from the partner networks as opposed to Cablecom. As we migrate customers from analog to digital video services, we report a decrease in our analog subscribers equal to the increase in our digital subscribers. In the Netherlands, where our mass digital migration project is underway, a subscriber is moved from the analog subscriber count to the digital subscriber count when such subscriber accepts delivery of our digital converter box and agrees to accept digital video service regardless of when the subscriber begins to receive our digital video service. The digital video service and the digital converter box are provided at the analog rate for six months after which the subscriber has the option to discontinue the digital service or pay an additional amount to continue to receive the digital service. An estimated 10% to 15% of the Netherlands digital cable subscribers at June 30, 2006 have accepted but not installed their digital converter boxes.
- (7) DTH Subscriber is a home or commercial unit that receives our video programming broadcast directly to the home via a geosynchronous satellite.
- (8) MMDS Subscriber is a home or commercial unit that receives our video programming via a multipoint microwave (wireless) distribution system.
- (9) Internet Homes Serviceable are homes that can be connected to our broadband networks, where customers can request and receive Internet access services. With respect to INODE, we do not report Internet homes serviceable as INODE's service is not delivered over our network but instead is delivered over an unbundled loop, or in certain cases, over a shared access network
- (10) Internet Subscriber is a home or commercial unit or EBU with one or more cable modem connections to our broadband networks, where a customer has requested and is receiving high-speed Internet access services. At June 30, 2006, our Internet Subscribers in Austria included 75,200 residential digital subscriber lines or DSL subscribers of INODE that are not serviced over our networks. Our Internet Subscribers do not include customers that receive services via resale arrangements or from dial-up connections.
- (11) Telephone Homes Serviceable are homes that can be connected to our networks, where customers can request and receive voice services. With respect to INODE, we do not report telephone homes serviceable as service is delivered over an unbundled loop rather than our network.
- (12) Telephone Subscriber is a home or commercial unit or EBU connected to our networks, where a customer has requested and is receiving voice services. Telephone subscribers as of June 30, 2006, exclude an aggregate of 125,400 mobile telephone subscribers in the Netherlands, Switzerland, Japan and Australia. Mobile telephone services generate a significantly lower ARPU than broadband or Voice-over-Internet Protocol or "VoIP" telephone services. Also, our Telephone Subscribers do not include customers that receive services via resale arrangements. At June 30, 2006, our Telephone Subscribers in Austria included 16,800 residential subscribers of INODE.
- Pursuant to service agreements, Cablecom offers digital cable, Internet access and telephony services over networks owned by third parties or "partner networks." A partner network RGU is only recognized if Cablecom has a direct billing relationship with the customer. Homes serviceable for partner networks represent the estimated number of homes that are technologically capable of receiving the applicable service within the geographic regions covered by Cablecom's service agreements. Internet and telephone homes serviceable and customer relationships with respect to partner networks have been estimated by Cablecom. These estimates may change in future periods as more accurate information becomes available. Cablecom's partner network information generally is presented one quarter in arrears such that the information included in our June 30, 2006 subscriber table is based on March 31, 2006 data. In our June 30, 2006 subscriber table, Cablecom's partner networks account for 38,600 customer relationships, 66,700 RGUs, 19,800 digital cable subscribers, 148,800 broadband Internet and telephone homes serviceable, 31,000 Internet subscribers, and 15,900 telephone subscribers.
- (14) Subscriber information for recently acquired entities is preliminary and subject to adjustment until we have completed our review of such information and determined that it is presented in accordance with our policies.

Additional General Notes to Tables:

Tables exclude systems owned by affiliates that were not consolidated for financial reporting purposes as of June 30, 2006, or that were acquired after June 30, 2006.

With respect to Japan, Chile and Puerto Rico, residential multiple dwelling units with a discounted pricing structure for video, Internet or telephony services are counted on an equivalent billing unit or EBU basis. With respect to commercial establishments, such as bars, hotels and hospitals, to which we provide video and other services primarily for the patrons of such establishments, the subscriber count is generally calculated on an EBU basis by our subsidiaries. EBU is calculated by dividing the bulk price charged to accounts in an area by the most prevalent price charged to non-bulk residential customers in that market for the comparable tier of service. On a business-to-business basis, certain of our subsidiaries provide data, telephony and other services to businesses, primarily in Switzerland, Ireland and Romania, and another of our subsidiaries provides telephony services as a competitive local exchange carrier. We generally do not count customers of these services as subscribers, customers or RGUs.

While we take appropriate steps to ensure that subscriber statistics are presented on a consistent and accurate basis at any given balance sheet date, the variability from country to country in (i) the nature and pricing of products and services, (ii) the distribution platform, (iii) billing systems, (iv) bad debt collection experience, and (v) other factors adds complexity to the subscriber counting process. We periodically review our subscriber counting policies and underlying systems to improve the accuracy and consistency of the data reported. Accordingly, we may from time to time make appropriate adjustments to our subscriber statistics based on those reviews.



Liberty Global Agrees to Purchase the Second Largest Cable Operator in the Czech Republic

Denver, Colorado — August 9, 2006: Liberty Global, Inc. ("Liberty Global") (NASDAQ: LBTYA, LBTYB, LBTYK) today announced that, through one of its affiliates, it has entered into an arrangement to purchase Karneval s.r.o. and Forecable s.r.o. ("Karneval"), the second largest cable operator in the Czech Republic for an estimated purchase price of EUR 322.5 million, subject to regulatory approval.

Karneval offers cable television and broadband services to residential customers. At June 30, 2006, Karneval had approximately 310,000 revenue generating units ("RGUs") including 253,000 video RGUs and 57,000 broadband Internet RGUs.

Mike Fries, President and CEO of Liberty Global said, "We are pleased to announce this transaction in the Czech Republic, one of our fastest growing markets in Central Europe. Upon closing, the acquisition of Karneval will consolidate UPC's leadership position in the Czech Republic with approximately 800,000 RGUs. The combined UPC Czech/Karneval will be well positioned to participate in the rapid growth of advanced broadband services in the region. Considering that we anticipate closing this transaction towards the end of the year, the purchase price represents a 9.8 multiple on our estimate of Karneval's 2007 operating cash flow, before transaction costs, under IFRS accounting standards including anticipated realized synergies in the first year. Additionally, we anticipate significant additional synergies from combining Karneval with our existing UPC Czech business will be realized over time. In the meantime, we look forward to working with Czech regulators to get the transaction approved as soon as possible."

To enable the seller to complete the transaction in a timely manner, Liberty Global has entered into an equity derivative agreement to buy, subject to regulatory approval, Unite HoldCo III B.V. ("Unite"), which is jointly owned by Deutsche Bank AG London and JPMorgan. Unite has entered into an agreement to purchase, subject to regulatory approval, Karneval from ICZ Holding B.V. for EUR 322.5 million subject to closing adjustments. Deutsche Bank and JPMorgan own and will fund Unite. Their expected investment in Unite of EUR 327.5 million is fully off-set by cash collateral which Liberty Global has posted under the equity derivative agreement. ICZ Holding B.V. is majority owned by Mid Europa Partners a leading private equity firm investing in Central and Eastern Europe.

The total purchase price which Liberty Global expects to pay is approximately EUR 322.5 million, after adjusting for remaining cash in Unite at closing, plus interest, a EUR 3.5 million arrangement fee, transaction fees and costs in connection with entering into the equity derivative agreement with Deutsche Bank and JPMorgan, and the reimbursement of expenses incurred by Deutsche Bank and JPMorgan in connection with Unite's acquisition and ownership of Karneval until the regulatory review process is completed. More information about the transaction is included in Liberty Global's recently filed form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006 which can be obtained on the websites of Liberty Global (www.lgi.com) and the SEC (www.sec.gov).

Deutsche Bank and JPMorgan acted as advisors to Liberty Global.

About Liberty Global, Inc.

Liberty Global is the leading international cable operator offering advanced video, voice, and Internet-access services to connect our customers to the world of information, communications and entertainment. As of June 30, 2006, Liberty Global operated state-of-the-art broadband communications networks that served approximately 13 million customers in 17 countries (excluding France) principally located in Europe, Japan, Chile, and Australia. Liberty Global's operations also include significant media and programming businesses such as Jupiter TV in Japan and chellomedia in Europe.

Forward-Looking Statements: Except for historical information contained herein, this press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including our anticipated purchase of Karneval and Karneval's estimated 2007 operating cash flow. These forward looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these statements, including the receipt and timing of necessary regulatory approval, Karneval's ability to continue financial and operational growth at historic levels, the Company's ability to successfully operate and integrate the Karneval system, continued use by subscribers and potential subscribers of the Karneval services, and the Company's ability to achieve expected operational efficiencies and economies of scale. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this release. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in the Company's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

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